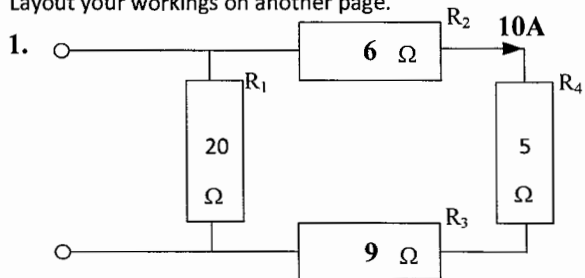


Ohms Law.
Work Sheet 16C

Harder Series-Parallel calculations.

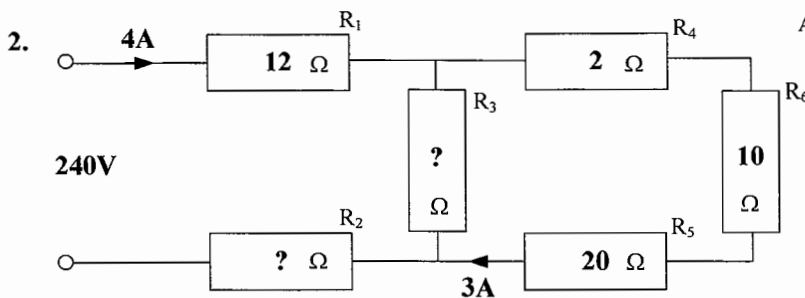
Determine the unknown value(s).
Layout your workings on another page.



Answers:

$V_s =$ Volts

$I_{R1} =$ Amps

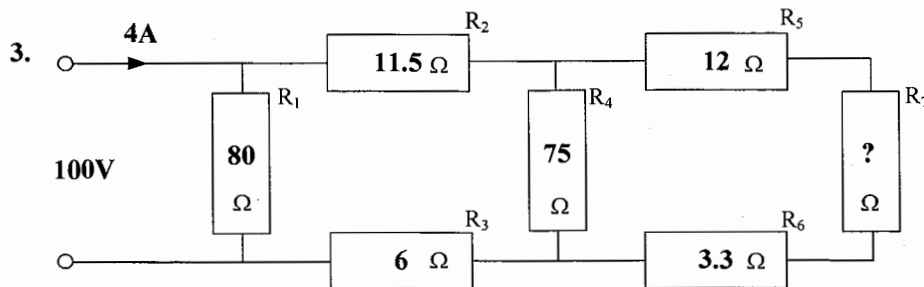


Answers:

$I_{R3} =$ Amps

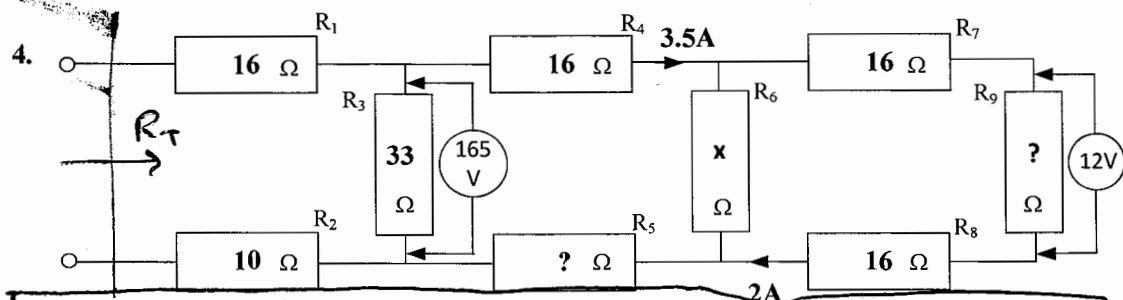
$R_3 =$ Ohms

$R_2 =$ Ohms

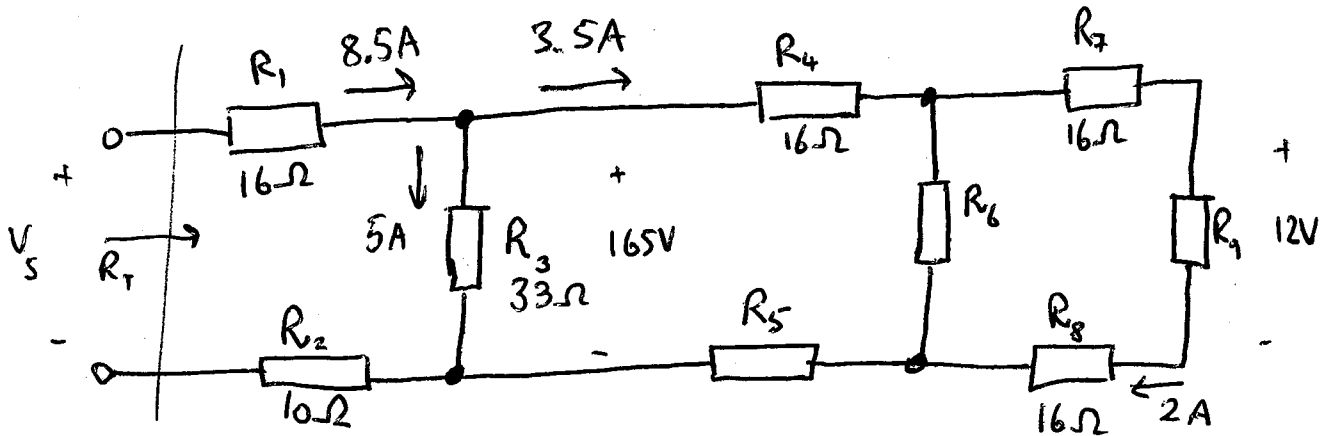


$R_7 =$

Ohms



Find: $V_s = 386$ Volts, $R_T = 45.41$ Ohms, $R_9 = 6$ Ohms.

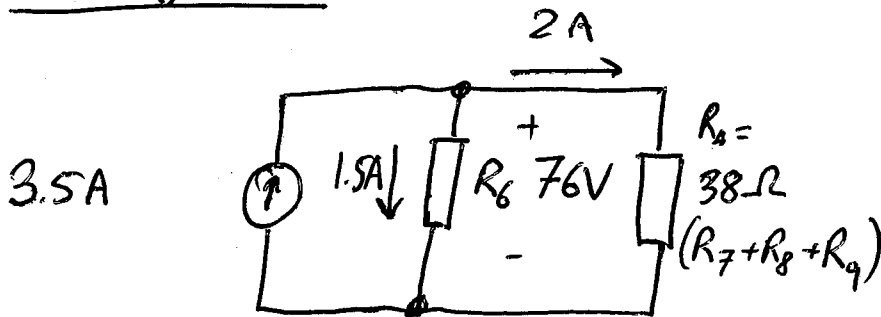


Find V_s , R_t , and all unknown resistances.

R_3 must have $5A$ of current flow, since it is 33Ω and has $165V$ drop.

R_9 must be 6Ω , since it has $2A$ current and $12V$ drop. \therefore $R_9 = 6\Omega$

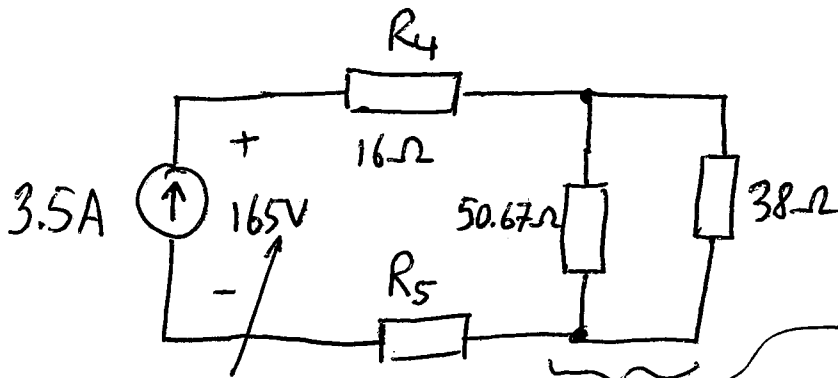
Computing R_6



$I_{R_6} = 1.5A$
by KCL

R_6 has $76V$ drop

\Rightarrow $R_6 = \frac{76}{1.5} = 50.67\Omega$

Computing R_5 

We require this voltage drop.

Compute the total resistance as seen by the 3.5A current.

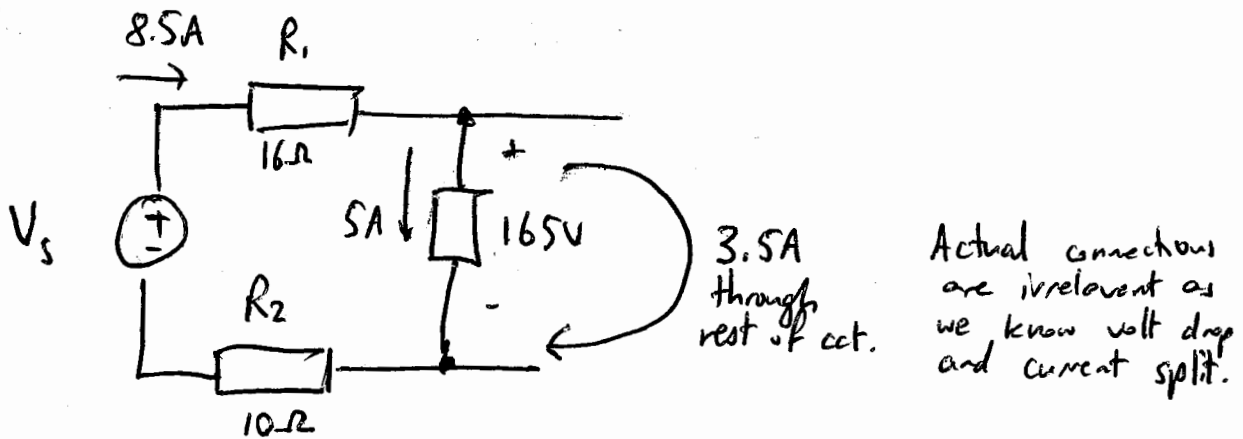
$$R_{\text{tot}} = \frac{165}{3.5} = 47.14\Omega$$

Total known resistances are:

$$21.71 + 16 = 37.71\Omega$$

$$\Rightarrow R_5 = 47.14 - 37.71 = 9.43\Omega$$

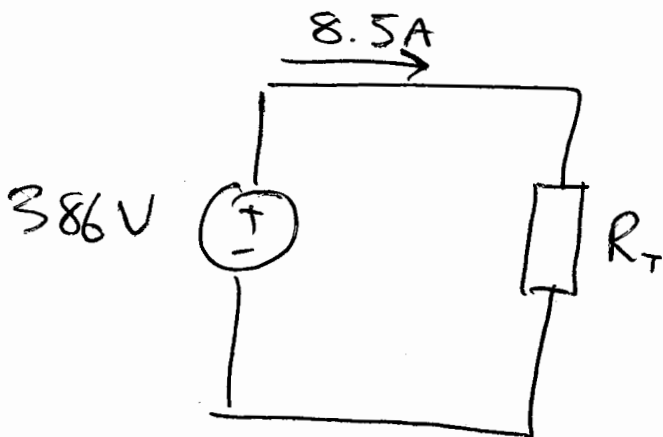
Computing V_s



$$V_s = 8.5 \cdot 16 + 165 + 8.5 \cdot 10$$

$$V_s = 386 \text{ V}$$

Computing R_T



$$R_T = \frac{386}{8.5} = 45.41 \Omega$$